## Blood Donor Education Material (DHQ/aDHQ v4.0)

#### YOU MUST READ THIS BEFORE YOU DONATE!

- Your <u>accurate and honest</u> responses are critical to the safety of patients who receive blood transfusions.
- Each question is necessary to fully evaluate the safety of your donation.
- As required by regulations, we are instructing you not to donate blood if you have a risk factor.
- If you don't understand a question, ask the blood center staff for assistance.
- YOUR RESPONSES ARE CONFIDENTIAL.

#### To determine if you are eligible to donate, we will:

- Ask about your health and medications you are taking or have taken.
- Ask if you have traveled to or lived in other countries.
- Ask about your risk for infections that can be transmitted by blood – especially HIV (which is the virus that causes AIDS), and viral hepatitis.
- Take your blood pressure, temperature, and pulse.
- Take a blood sample to be sure your blood count is acceptable before you donate.

#### If you are eligible to donate, we will:

- Clean your arm with an antiseptic (<u>Tell us if you have any skin allergies</u>).
- Use a sterile needle and tubing set to collect your blood.

We NEVER reuse a needle or tubing set.

### WHAT HAPPENS AFTER YOUR DONATION

To protect patients, your blood is tested for hepatitis B and C, HIV, syphilis, and other infections. If your blood tests positive, it will not be given to a patient. You will be notified about any positive test result which may affect when you are eligible to donate in the future. There are times when your blood is not tested. If this occurs, you may not receive any notification. The blood center will not release your test results without your written permission unless required by law (e.g., to the Health Department).

## **DONOR ELIGIBILITY – SPECIFIC INFORMATION**

Certain infectious diseases, such as HIV and hepatitis, can be spread through:

- Sexual contact
- Other activities that increase risk
- Blood transfusion

We will ask specific questions about sexual contact and other activities that may increase risk for these infections.

## What do we mean by "sexual contact?"

The words "have sexual contact with" and "sex" are used in some of the questions we will ask you. These questions apply to all of the activities below, whether or not medications, condoms or other protection were used to prevent infection or pregnancy:

- Vaginal sex (contact between penis and vagina)
- Oral sex (mouth or tongue on someone's vagina, penis, or anus)
- Anal sex (contact between penis and anus)

# A "new sexual partner" includes the following examples:

- Having sex with someone for the first time
- Having had sex with someone in a relationship that ended in the past, and having sex again with that person in the last 3 months.

#### **HIV/Hepatitis risk factors**

HIV and hepatitis are spread mainly by sexual contact with an infected person OR by sharing needles or syringes used by an infected person to inject drugs.

#### **DO NOT DONATE if you:**

- Have EVER taken any medication to treat HIV infection.
- Are taking any medication to prevent HIV infection. These medications may be called: PrEP, PEP, TRUVADA, DESCOVY, APRETUDE or many other names.

FDA-approved antiretroviral drugs are safe and effective in preventing sexual transmission of HIV. However, these antiretroviral drugs do not fully eliminate the virus from the body, and donated blood can potentially still transmit HIV infection to a transfusion recipient.

**DO NOT STOP** TAKING ANY PRESCRIBED MEDICATIONS IN ORDER TO DONATE BLOOD, INCLUDING PREP and PEP MEDICATIONS.

#### **DO NOT DONATE if you:**

- Have EVER had a positive test for HIV infection.
- In the past 3 months:
  - Have had sexual contact with a new partner and have had anal sex.
  - Have had sexual contact with more than one partner <u>and</u> have had anal sex.
  - Have had sexual contact with anyone who has ever had a positive test for HIV infection.
  - Have received money, drugs, or other payment for sex.
  - Have used needles to inject drugs, steroids, or anything not prescribed by your doctor.
  - Have had sexual contact with anyone who has received money, drugs, or other payment for sex, <u>or</u> used needles to inject drugs, steroids, or anything not prescribed by their doctor.
  - Have had syphilis or gonorrhea or been treated for syphilis or gonorrhea.

#### • In the past 12 months:

- Have been in juvenile detention, lockup, jail or prison for 72 hours or more consecutively.
- Have <u>EVER</u> had Ebola virus infection or disease.

**<u>DO NOT DONATE if you</u>** have these symptoms which can be present before you test positive for HIV:

- Fever
- Enlarged lymph glands
- Sore throat
- Rash

Your blood can transmit infections, including HIV, even if you feel well and all your tests are normal. Even the best tests cannot detect the virus for a period of time after you are infected.

#### **DO NOT DONATE**:

- If you think you may be at risk for HIV or other infections.
- If your purpose for donating is to obtain test results for HIV or other infections. Ask us where you can be tested for HIV and other infections.
- If your donation might harm the patient who receives your blood.

## THANK YOU FOR DONATING BLOOD TODAY!



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## DO NOT STOP taking medications prescribed by your doctor in order to donate blood.

Donating while taking these drugs could have a negative effect on your health or on the health of the recipient of your blood. **PLEASE TELL US IF YOU:** 

ARE BEING TREATED WITH ANY OF THE FOLLOWING TYPES OF MEDICATIONS:	OR HAVE TAKEN:		WHICH IS ALSO CALLED:	ANYTIME IN THE LAST:
	Feldene		piroxicam	2 Days
Antiplatelet agents (usually taken to prevent stroke or heart attack)	Effient		prasugrel	3 Days
	Brilinta		ticagrelor	7 Days
	Plavix		clopidogrel	- 14 Days
	Ticlid		ticlopidine	
	Zontivity		vorapaxar	1 Month
Anticoagulants or "blood thinners" (usually taken to prevent blood clots in the legs and lungs and to prevent strokes)	Arixtra		fondaparinux	2 Days
	Eliquis		apixaban	
	Fragmin		dalteparin	
	Lovenox		enoxaparin	
	Pradaxa		dabigatran	
	Savaysa		edoxaban	
	Xarelto		rivaroxaban	
	Coumadin, Warfilone, Jantoven		warfarin	7 Dave
	Heparin, low-molecular-weight heparin			7 Days
Acne treatment	Accutane Amnesteem Claravis Myorisan Zenatane	Absorica Sotret	isotretinoin	
Multiple myeloma	Thalomid Revlimid		thalidomide lenalidomide	1 Month
Rheumatoid arthritis	Rinvoq		upadacitinib	
Hair loss remedy	Propecia		finasteride	
	Proscar		finasteride	
Prostate symptoms	Avodart Jalyn		dutasteride	6 Months
Immunosuppressant	Cellcept		mycophenolate mofetil	6 Weeks
Hepatitis exposure	Hepatitis B Immune Globulin		HBIG	
HIV prevention (also known as PrEP or PEP)	Any medication taken by mouth (oral) to prevent HIV.	Truvada	emtricitabine and tenofovir disoproxil fumarate	3 Months
		Descovy	emtricitabine and tenofovir alafenamide	
	Injectable HIV prevention	Apretude	cabotegravir	2 Years
Basal cell skin cancer	Erivedge Odomzo		vismodegib sonidegib	2 Years
Relapsing multiple sclerosis	Aubagio		teriflunomide	
Rheumatoid arthritis	Arava		leflunomide	
Psoriasis	Soriatane		acitretin	3 Years
	Tegison		etretinate	F
HIV treatment	Any medication to treat HIV. May also be called antiretroviral therapy (ART)			Ever
Experimental medication				As defined by the medical director

## HEALTH INSURANCE PORTABILITY AND ACCOUNTABILITY ACT (HIPAA) NOTICE OF PRIVACY PRACTICES

We understand that your health information is personal. We are committed to protecting your health information, otherwise referred to as Protected Health Information (PHI). We create a record of the medical history information and all testing of your blood donations. We need this to comply with certain legal requirements. This notice applies to all of the records of your donations generated by this healthcare facility. This notice is to inform you about the ways in which we may use and disclose health information about you and to describe your rights to your health information. We are required by law to:

- Give you this notice of our legal duties and privacy practice with respect to PHI
- · Follow the terms of the notice that is currently in effect
- Make sure that health information that identifies you, is kept private

#### PLEASE ASK A MEMBER OF OUR STAFF IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS!